House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
	ge 1, In the Title, Lines 1 and 2, by deleting the phrase "student her education." and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
"public safety."; and	
Further amend said bill, Section 17 following:	73.2050, Line 22, by inserting after all of said section and line the
body of any county or municipality	by a majority of the voters voting on the proposal, the governing y may, by order or ordinance, provide for an additional surcharge er case for each criminal case, including violations of any county
	n shall be in substantially the following form:
storing information collected by su	ing and maintaining video cameras worn by peace officers and uch cameras, shall (city, town, village, county) be
authorized to impose a court surch municipal and county ordinance vi	arge not to exceed one dollar on each criminal case, including tolations?
	ES □ NO
municipality may enact an order or	con approve the proposal, the governing body of the county or rordinance for the collection of the surcharge. If the proposal is voters voting thereon, the governing body shall not enact such
3. No surcharge imposed u	under this section shall be collected when the case has been
which the defendant is found by th	may waive the assessment of the surcharge in those cases in the judge to be indigent and unable to pay the costs.
have violations of municipal ordina employ judicial personnel under se	ed by municipal clerks in municipalities electing or required to ances tried before a municipal judge under section 479.020, or to ection 479.060, shall be disbursed to the city at least monthly, and
sections 488.010 to 488.020. Such	it court clerks shall be collected and disbursed as provided by a surcharges shall be payable to the county or municipality in The county or municipality shall only use the surcharge for the
initial purchase, maintenance, and	replacement of video cameras worn by peace officers and costs orage of data collected by such video cameras.
wear video cameras affixed to the	nuary 1, 2018, all uniformed peace officers in this state shall peace officer's uniform while on duty. The officer-worn body
	Date
Select Action Taken	Date

camera shall record any interaction between a peace officer and a member of the public and shall include both audio and video. The provisions of this section shall not apply to detectives or other peace officers while they are working in an undercover capacity, or to any peace officer in any situation if the wearing of such a video camera would endanger the safety of the officer or the public.

- 2. In order to facilitate uniformity throughout the state, the department of public safety shall develop guidelines for the use of officer-worn body cameras by state and local law enforcement agencies. The guidelines shall include, but not be limited to, specifications as to which peace officers must wear body cameras, when body cameras must be worn and activated, restrictions on the use of body cameras, the process to obtain consent of victims and witnesses before using officer-worn body cameras during an interview, the retention and release of data recorded by body cameras, and access to the data recording by body cameras.
- 3. State and local law enforcement agencies shall develop policies and procedures for the use of officer-worn body cameras under the guidelines adopted by the department of public safety under subsection 2 of this section. All recorded data shall be maintained by the law enforcement agency for a minimum of sixty days.
- 4. State and local law enforcement agencies shall provide comprehensive training for all peace officers regarding the use of officer-worn body cameras. Such training shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) Discussion of department policy regarding the use of officer-worn body cameras and the distribution of a written copy of the official department policy on officer-worn body cameras;
- (2) Review of all relevant state laws governing consent, evidence, privacy, and public disclosure of recordings;
 - (3) Procedure for camera use; and

- (4) Scenario-based exercises intended to replicate situations an officer could encounter when using an officer-worn body camera.
- 5. The provisions of this section requiring the use of officer-worn body cameras shall apply even if funding for cameras is not provided under the grant program established in section 590.1027.
- 590.1027. 1. The department of public safety shall develop and implement a grant program to assist state and local law enforcement agencies in implementing the provisions of section 590.1025 including, but not limited to, the initial purchase, maintenance, and replacement of officer-worn body cameras and ongoing costs relating to the maintenance and storage of data recorded by officer-worn body cameras. The department shall develop guidelines for grant applications and establish priorities for grant distribution.
- 2. There is hereby established in the state treasury a fund to be known as the "Law Enforcement Officer-worn Body Camera Fund", which shall consist of all moneys that may be appropriated to it by the general assembly and, in addition, may include any gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from federal, state, private, or other sources. The fund shall be administered by the department of public safety. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund and may approve disbursements from the fund in accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely to fund the purchase of officer-worn body cameras.
- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
 - 4. State and local law enforcement agencies may apply to the department of public safety

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for funding to implement the law enforcement agencies' use of officer-worn body cameras under this section and section 590.1025 including, but not limited to, the initial purchase, maintenance, and replacement of officer-worn cameras and ongoing costs relating to the maintenance and storage of data recorded by officer-worn body cameras.

- 610.100. 1. As used in sections 610.100 to 610.150, the following words and phrases shall mean:
- (1) "Arrest", an actual restraint of the person of the defendant, or by his or her submission to the custody of the officer, under authority of a warrant or otherwise for a criminal violation which results in the issuance of a summons or the person being booked;
- (2) "Arrest report", a record of a law enforcement agency of an arrest and of any detention or confinement incident thereto together with the charge therefor;
- (3) "Inactive", an investigation in which no further action will be taken by a law enforcement agency or officer for any of the following reasons:
 - (a) A decision by the law enforcement agency not to pursue the case;

- (b) Expiration of the time to file criminal charges pursuant to the applicable statute of limitations, or ten years after the commission of the offense; whichever date earliest occurs;
- (c) Finality of the convictions of all persons convicted on the basis of the information contained in the investigative report, by exhaustion of or expiration of all rights of appeal of such persons;
- (4) "Incident report", a record of a law enforcement agency consisting of the date, time, specific location, name of the victim and immediate facts and circumstances surrounding the initial report of a crime or incident, including any logs of reported crimes, accidents and complaints maintained by that agency;
- (5) "Investigative report", a record, other than an arrest or incident report, prepared by personnel of a law enforcement agency, inquiring into a crime or suspected crime, either in response to an incident report or in response to evidence developed by law enforcement officers in the course of their duties;
- (6) "Mobile video recorder", any system or device that captures visual signals that is capable of installation in a vehicle, vessel, or aircraft, or being worn or carried by personnel of a law enforcement agency and that includes, at a minimum, a camera and recording capabilities.
- 2. Each law enforcement agency of this state, of any county, and of any municipality shall maintain records of all incidents reported to the agency, investigations and arrests made by such law enforcement agency. All incident reports and arrest reports shall be open records. Notwithstanding any other provision of law other than the provisions of subsections 4, 5 and 6 of this section or section 320.083, investigative reports of all law enforcement agencies are closed records until the investigation becomes inactive. If any person is arrested and not charged with an offense against the law within thirty days of the person's arrest, the arrest report shall thereafter be a closed record except that the disposition portion of the record may be accessed and except as provided in section 610.120. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, other than the provisions of subsections 4, 5, and 6 of this section or section 320.083, data from mobile video recorders in the possession of law enforcement agencies are closed records.
- 3. Except as provided in subsections 4, 5, 6 and 7 of this section, if any portion of a record or document of a law enforcement officer or agency, other than an arrest report, which would otherwise be open, contains information that is reasonably likely to pose a clear and present danger to the safety of any victim, witness, undercover officer, or other person; or jeopardize a criminal investigation, including records which would disclose the identity of a source wishing to remain confidential or a suspect not in custody; or which would disclose techniques, procedures or guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, that portion of the record shall be

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closed and shall be redacted from any record made available pursuant to this chapter.

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- 4. Any person, including a family member of such person within the first degree of consanguinity if such person is deceased or incompetent, attorney for a person, or insurer of a person involved in any incident or whose property is involved in an incident, may obtain any records closed pursuant to this section or section 610.150 for purposes of investigation of any civil claim or defense, as provided by this subsection. Any individual, his or her family member within the first degree of consanguinity if such individual is deceased or incompetent, his or her attorney or insurer, involved in an incident or whose property is involved in an incident, upon written request, may obtain a complete unaltered and unedited incident report concerning the incident, and may obtain access to other records closed by a law enforcement agency pursuant to this section. Within thirty days of such request, the agency shall provide the requested material or file a motion pursuant to this subsection with the circuit court having jurisdiction over the law enforcement agency stating that the safety of the victim, witness or other individual cannot be reasonably ensured, or that a criminal investigation is likely to be jeopardized. If, based on such motion, the court finds for the law enforcement agency, the court shall either order the record closed or order such portion of the record that should be closed to be redacted from any record made available pursuant to this subsection.
- 5. Any person may bring an action pursuant to this section in the circuit court having jurisdiction to authorize disclosure of the information contained in an investigative report of any law enforcement agency or data in the possession of a law enforcement agency from a mobile video recorder, which would otherwise be closed pursuant to this section. The court may order that all or part of the information contained in an investigative report or the data from a mobile video recorder be released to the person bringing the action. In making the determination as to whether information contained in an investigative report or data from a mobile video recorder shall be disclosed, the court shall consider whether the benefit to the person bringing the action or to the public outweighs any harm to the public, to the law enforcement agency or any of its officers, or to any person identified in the investigative report or captured in the data from the mobile video <u>recorder</u> in regard to the need for law enforcement agencies to effectively investigate and prosecute criminal activity. The investigative report or data from a mobile video recorder in question may be examined by the court in camera. The court may find that the party seeking disclosure of the investigative report or data from a mobile video recorder shall bear the reasonable and necessary costs and attorneys' fees of both parties, unless the court finds that the decision of the law enforcement agency not to open the investigative report or data from a mobile video recorder was substantially unjustified under all relevant circumstances, and in that event, the court may assess such reasonable and necessary costs and attorneys' fees to the law enforcement agency.
- 6. Any person may apply pursuant to this subsection to the circuit court having jurisdiction for an order requiring a law enforcement agency to open incident reports, data from mobile video recorders, and arrest reports being unlawfully closed pursuant to this section. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the law enforcement officer or agency has knowingly violated this section, the officer or agency shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount up to one thousand dollars. If the court finds that there is a knowing violation of this section, the court may order payment by such officer or agency of all costs and attorneys' fees, as provided by section 610.027. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the law enforcement officer or agency has purposely violated this section, the officer or agency shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount up to five thousand dollars and the court shall order payment by such officer or agency of all costs and attorney fees, as provided in section 610.027. The court shall determine the amount of the penalty by taking into account the size of the jurisdiction, the seriousness of the offense, and whether the law enforcement officer or agency has violated this section previously.

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7. The victim of an offense as provided in chapter 566 may request that his or her identity 1 2 3 4 be kept confidential until a charge relating to such incident is filed."; and

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Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.